

TRAMP, TRAMP, TRAMP, IS THE ORDER OF THE DAY.

## OUTING.

Vol. XV. DECEMBER, 1889. No. 3.

## WABUN ANUNG

BY F. HOUGHTON.

## CHAPTER L

ECRMBR, 500 h, 8m, 500 h, 9m, 500

A few flakes of dry, powdery snow falling. Thermometer 22 below zero. Hole as big as your head in the tent; trying to shier ourselves into a perspiration, according to unscientific and slangy Blank; can just see four stars through the hole; handy thing a hole? — is lighting (or trying to light) the fire. Wants to know if I can hear his teeth chattering; — always was an

Thermometer, as I was saying, — Oh't this wort'd ost all; too much like the regulation Polar diary. So here goes for a new departure (new departure, by the way, is rather near; saw it chalked up in a restaurant window; can't say where they had newly departed to—probably to the bankrupty court or the next street). But all this is beside the question and does not interest us in the least.

does not interest us in the least. Flowing into (Georgian Bay, Lake Huron, about latitude 46° 15', and longitude

—(nothing like putting in a latitude or a longitude, it is so very convincing, so mathematically solid and correct!).

I, for my part, in my wildest railing against human deceit and nature in general, never doubt the most romantic stories that begin with a latitude such and such and longitude so and so; it is too much like throwing stones, which is dangerous when one lives in a nice little glass cor-

tage of one's own.

To continue. About the above-mentioned latitude and longitude a river empties itself through five different mouths into the bay. The name of this river is the Mississauga, which being interpreted into the brutal Saxon tongue signifies "a river with many mouths."

The last mile of the eastern or main branch runs about due north and south. At the northern end of this stretch, on the western side, stands the Hudson Bay Company's post, consisting of the storehouse, a large frame building, and a low-lying, comfortable log cottage where the storekeeper and his family live.

The post is situated on an island formed by this main branch and a smaller one. It is a low-lying, flat piece of land cowered with second-growth birch, poplar and jack pine, and many a gamey partridge have I knocked over as it rose with a whirr among these same birch and poplars in the grand October days, when the leaves are pertry nearly all fallen, and what few remain are crummeled and with

Copyright, 1889, by the Outroo Publishing Company, Limited. All rights reserved.

ered to half their natural size and rustle sadly among the dry branches. the cover is not too thick and the birds not too tame. The ring of your double barrel is sharp and clear in the bracing autumn air, cool enough to color your cheek and eve and give a spring to your

marks the mud bank where you have startled some snipe at his breakfast. And later on, when the bays and streams have frozen across, the geese and wavies (white geese) come down from the North -then what stalking, wading and wetting

> post when you are fortunate and make a bag! How good everything tastes-wavies especially! daintiest of dishes!

Ah! that is life, after all. You are not perched up on a three-legged stool, of the comforts of which—"Allah be praised"-I am no judge; puzzling your brains, chewing your pen handle and destroying your chest and lungs in the wild desire to write something both witty and amusing for people who merely yawn and will not be amused. "O tempora! O mores!"

But this is not a wildgoose chase-I wish to heaven it were !-nor the description of one, though I might write pages on a subject so enthralling; but it can-not be. We are looking for big game now!

From the post you can see three-quarters of a mile about northeast up the river to where it bends around to the west

of north.

Along the east shore there are scattered Indian dwellings, little log shanties, the most of them about twenty by feet, twenty-five standing among them, relics and reminders of

former times, the regular Indian bark wigwams. Shaggy dogs and no less shaggy, unkempt Indian ponies loiter about, when they are not at their usual employment the dogs hauling fish on their little sleighs and the ponies wild hay from the marshes at the river mouth. Their masters, the Indians, seem very well off, and take life easily; they are happy-go-lucky, honest



"DO NOT SHOOT," SAID WARURY. "CARLBOO ARE VERY CLOSE TO-HIGHT."

step. Ah! those are the days, lad, and that is life! Do you know it? Have you hunted duck in the marshes, with the mist hanging in great waves over the rice and bulrushes, seen the day in long crimson shafts come creeping up in the eastern sky? While now and then, as you push your canoe along, a hoarse, rather guttural ah-h-h, a-h-h and a little whirr



A LONG STRETCH OF OPEN WATER.

and upright, till they become civilized, when they lie and steal on a par with the rest of the flock

In one of the shanties lives Boney Kewsh, their chief, a jolly, bow-legged, bent-up old chap, who loves a gossip as well as any tea-drinking old lady, and, when he can get it, a little "Skillawaboo" (whiskey).

At the second bend of the river, and back from it a short distance, is a small clearing with two shanties on it; the smaller one, with a cough snake fence around it, is the stable; the occupant, a span of the part of the company of the company of the log shanty like the former, perhaps a little more pretentions, having besides the door two windows, while from a rasty old to company of the company of the company of the two windows, while from a rasty old dark spruce background till it mingles with and is lost in the deep blue of which and with and is lost in the deep blue of the company of the comp

"This is the bone of "Wabun Anung" (the Morning Sex), a good hunter and thoroughbred Indian. Many a mile have tramped together through the great silent northern woods. Honest, obstimate, Lungitez-boring Holon, with his sturdy a trifle stour you will find, when you know him better, that he undentands to perfection the art of walking despite the superfluous flesh. A sily, ericorat man till tree enough, with a saide's love of a year, though, attimes, I fear prone to exagger.

ation. But when we look back "Wassa nay-awgo" (to a day far behind), do we not see, or fancy we see, a halo? The flickering firelight hanging over those dead ashes, buried beneath so many autumns' leaves, and by that light does not the face of that jovial friend (with the stubble on his chin) look handsomer by far, despite the stubble, than it does to-day, at lunch, perchance, though his face is as smooth as a lady's, his person clothed in purple and fine linen, and a silver fork in his hand? While in those days so long ago, lit for our special delectation by that flickering, waning poplar fire, it was pork and hard tack in your fingers and a jorum of strong tea to wash it down, dished up with appetite sauce, a digestion that a camel might be proud of, and a short black pipe as dessert-a dessert that lasted well on into the night.

Is it any wonder that the range of the right and left at those two teal has increased from thirty to forty yards?

But there is a fellow feeling among all true sportsmen—God bless them! for there are no other people like them in the wide world; they know, love and understand each other. They suck away at their pipes with a jovial look in the corners of their eyes, and do not care particularly if the range does increase a bit as the years pass away and the leaves fall.

And "Wabun Anung" is one of them, and a good fellow, too, though his bow is a little long and the arrow flies a little too

straight.

However, this is all twaddle and beside the Question. I see my audience are becoming impatient. It is not reminiscencemt of "wild-goose chases" in the autumn or maudin sentimentalisms of ashes and buried friendships (which none of us nowadays believe in) they came to hear. It is a shot at big game they shall have, if they shot at big game they shall have, if they

will be patient and follow me!

I remember it was a raw, unpleasant evening, a wind from the northeast, cold and penetrating, that cut one to the margathering the snow up in fine powder; the drift and flinging clouds of it in one's face with stinging force. For it is every cold up there, to the north of George-very cold up there, to the north of George-very cold up that when the property of the strain of

I had made arrangements to stay that night—never mind what night—at Wabun Anung's shanty, as we were to start at

sunrise the next morning to hunt cariboo.

So after supper at the post I made up
my pack, a gray blanket, with some provisions wrapt up in it, Indian fashion.

With this on my back, and my rifle—a
Winchester repeater 45 calibre—over my
shoulder, I walked up to Wabun Anung's.

I found the family all at home. Wabun Anung's wife, a very stout, not particularly lovely old squaw, though what her personal charms might have been when he wooed and won her I cannot say.

There she sat, however, looking stolidly contented and happy, a short black clay pipe in her mouth, busily engaged in making a pair of mocassins for her liege lord, who sat, also smoking, in an old rocking chair-by the way, the only one in the sharty. This, with a contempt sublime in its carelessness for the correctness of things, he did not offer his guest—your humble servant. He merely, on my entrance, removed his pipe long enough to emit a cloud of smoke and the usual salutation, 'Boochow' (good day), leaving me to shift for myself, which I did by selecting a corner, slinging down my pack, taking out my pipe and imitating his lordship, which I flatter myself

I did to perfection. But his squaw was not the only busy one in the room. His daughter, a girl of about fourteen years of age, was peeling potatoes. She was quite as ugly as her mamma, and like her, even at so early an age, slightly inclining toward embonpoint. She took about as much notice of me as her mother did, which amounted to none whatever. This would have been crushing from a woman of any other nationality: but from a squaw-I shrug my shoulders! They were like the rest of their sex-puzzling, to say the least. A fig for beauty's smiles, be they dark or fair. They are quite as sweet to Mr. Smith, who calls to-morrow, Cheering reflection! So what need we care while our limbs are strong, our digestion good —for there are cariboo browsing on the hills to the north! So just keep to leeward, lad; a steady hand, cool nerve and dogged resolution to follow will do the rest. Let beauty smile as she will on Mr. Smith or Mr. Brown, for the matter of that; we will forget her smiles as quickly as she does, and ho! for a good west wind and the snowshoeing not too heavy.

But there was one other person there who found me interesting. I judge so by the way he-for said person was a fat little boy-gamboled about and looked at me, with his head cocked first on one side and then on the other, with his eyes jet black like a squirrel's, quite as quick and sparkling. Up he would come to me, sidling along, ready at my slightest movement to scamper off to a safe distance behind the fire. How he laughed and showed his white teeth, and how and snowed his white teeth, and now quickly he placed the protecting fire between us when I called out, giving a jump as though I meant to catch him! "Boochow gitche nish nobbee" (good day, big Indian). I did catch him at last, the fat, little chap! and seated him on my knee, where he watched me, his head cocked and white teeth and eves sparkling, not a bit afraid of the chogouosh (white man).

"Anisuena costa keen aquevasas?" (what

is your name, little boy?), and little boy answered, in correspondingly little voice, "Ta-a-bid." Oh, that I could give the intonation!

"Neen cowin kekandou kem" [I do not understand you), I said. But "Ta-abid" was his name, and "Ta-a-bid" was all I could get from him, though I discovered later on that he meant and tried wery hard to say David

very hard to say David.
Then I pensuaded him to stand while
I sketched him. It was rather difficul,
I sketched him. It was rather difficul,
for he would continually shift his position
from one leg to the other, emering his
behind his back, then bodt to his pocken again, while every now and then he
would say, imagaiently, in his soft little
woice, Wee-weep (hurry wp). I finished
at last and outguly a certain likeness. Wabun Arung, his wide and daughter were
horn and the standard of the standard of the standard outgoing to the standard outgoing the standard outgoi

## CHAPTER II.—"BIG GAME."

Two hours before daylight next morning we were up, and, stre arranging our packs, ast down to a breakfast of pork, potates, hard take and black tea, after which we sat by the fire, smoking, fill we could see by a faint whitish look in the eastern sky that day would soon break. Then, knocking the ashes out of our pipes, we shung our packs on our backs, our files over our shoulders, and, putting started for the hunting grounds along a started for the bunting grounds along a trail leading due north through the woods.

There is very little talking done now, and will not be till camp is made for the night. Tramp, tramp, tramp is the order of the day, and tramp it is with a vengeance.

On entering the woods we each cut a stick about three feet long; and very useful we find it to knock off the snow which balls on our shoes and the masses which hang on the low balsam branches, which otherwise we would dislodge on which otherwise we would dislodge on neut in a drift and sending a handful or so down our necks, or rather the neck of the man in front. Hour after hour we walk along a trail

which has been blazed out years before, a part of it being used for a winter road to Green Lakes, where there is another Hudson Bay post some one hundred miles farther north.

The country through which we are

passing is thickly covered with spruce, cedar and balsam, with birch, poplar and occasional clumps of maple growing on the ridges. These ridges run about east and west at right angles to the trail: up, up we go, ever crossing them (they lie like

with only a trust in your luck to keep you on your legs. Down you go for a good three hundred feet till you reach a flat covered with ash trees; in the middle of this winds and creeps the Pottogoosing, a sluggish stream about thirty feet wide.



I WALKED UP TO WARD

ribs on the hillside), for the whole country is a hill or a gentle slope rising from the Mississauga and reaching its greatest hississauga and reaching its greatest hississauga and a half miles north, when it suddenly drops off so steeply that you have to catch at the trees to steady, yourself as you plunge, slip and stumble Wabun Anung has a mink trap here in a hollow old stump, covered by the last snowfall.

Finding the chain, he hauls it out and finds it shut, with a little furry paw in it. With an expression of disgust he throws it away—it is only the paw of a squirrel. Indian curses on the whole race!—but for it he might have had a mink. So the little bright-eyed chap may shiver his life out in some hollow stump, or be caught and eaten by a pine marten for aught he cares. Let him lick the stump in his blood-dyed, leafy nest, little chattering busybody!

It is a relief to throw down your pack for a few minutes while the trap is being reset and pull in a long breath, which seems to take the creases out of your chest, for twenty-five pounds feels quite that weight after an hour and a half of hill climbing.

The trap'is set all too soon and we are of again, Wabon Anung in front, walking with a long, strong, swinging stride from the hp. Ohe admires it in the morning, by down, and in the evening as you, perchance, are crossing the last lake with a hollow feeling in the region of your stonach, and a very decided semation of weariness about the legs, if you no long the warning the the swing in the long stride remains for the swing in the long stride remains the the swing in the long stride remains the swing swing in the long stride remains the swing swing

Another six miles is passed, and, going down a hill, a track crosses ours; it looks about three or four days old and is almost filled with snow, but they are still plainly to be seen, those little hollows so far apart leading along the hill side. Wabun Anung stops, looks at it a minute, then turning to me with a grin, pronounces that singular, soul-stirring word, "Moose!" with a guttural intonation. Moose tracks they are sure enough, a wandering one, for there are really none in the country, but the moose that left that trail is now no more, for Negickaus (the Little Otter) found it four days before, and its flesh is now roasting in his lodge on the banks of the Mississauga. However, it is a sign of big game. So

it brightens the next few miles.

Another mile and a half and we cross

a lake on the further shore of which, in a little sheltered bay at its inlet, we have our lunch. Wabun Anung cuts the wood and lights the fire, while I gather an There is very little sitting by the camp fire done now, for our backs, wet with perspiration, are freezing, while our faces are roasting; so, swallowing our porfs, consults of the perspiration of the perspiration of the condition of the perspiration of the perspiration of the enough to light our pipes, we push on again.

Another half mile brings us to Mo-

kooming Lake. Our direction is straight down the middle to a low point in the distance.

A half rumble, half scramble down a steep halk and we are on the ice. Looking down the lake we see a sight that makes us feel his string down upon our packs and weeping salt rears. We are of which, stretching from shore to shore, is a long line of open water, cold as the north wind, and black as in kit obes against that glittering sheet of snow, —inhuman meriment—stor we way, —inhuman meriment—stor we way, —ful faces, while the monottains, like significant of the s

dark water, circle the lake around. We gaze and gaze again, shift our rifles from one shoulder to the other, try to imagine we are happy and love the dancing, rippling water that poets are so fond of writing about. I wonder if they would continue to do so in their delightfully pretty, enthusiastic way, if to escape the leaping wavelets-I flatter myself that is poetically expressed—they were obliged, as we were that afternoon, to climb those eternal hills to reach that low lying point, carrying heavy packs, which whenever you would stop suddenly, bringing up against a tree, would slide from your shoulders, only prevented from taking part in the avalanche of snow, rapidly forming in front, by the tunk line catching around your throat and half strangling you. Then readjusting your pack you murmur something soft and appropriate to yourself, and with a sweet, sweet smile, while the perspiration trickles down your face, and the snow, from the tree you have collided with, meanders down your neck, you seat yourself on the heels of your snowshoes and start a hey bresto pop business in which you suddenly become the central figure in an avalanche; down, down, you go, while your smile and happy thoughts increase, when, lo! your mad career is stopped by sliding straddle legs into a small balsam tree, which responds gaily-if I may use the expression -by instantly depositing on your unprotected head about a ton and a half of snow-speaking very roughly. When the balsam has annoyed and irritated you as much as it can, you dig your way out, taking as much snow as possible from your pockets, ears, etc., readjust your pack for the twentieth time, collect your scattered faculties, and if you are of an easy-tempered, joyous disposition, you say: "What fun!" "Grand sport!" Everybody doesn't say this, but you may, it is quite allowable in cariboo hunting.

By this time your Indian has probably reached the bottom of the hill and is disappearing into the swamp at its foot, necessitating a race to catch him, which increases a hundredfold your chance of a headlong tumble. You reach the bottom at last, only to climb, very likely, armuch worse bliff than the one before. and the properties of the properties of the the end of the lake with only sufficient daughth left to make our camp for the

might.

While we were eating our supper we suddenly heard that well-known whirr, then another and another, and three partidges flew into the top of a birch tree just above our heads, and sitting there clearly outlined against the evening sky.

made an excellent mark.

I picked up my rifle, intending to try

my hand and eye.
"Cowin buskeezo!" (do not shoot)

Wabun Anung said quickly, oppeeche bay show tibecook" (cariboo are very close to-night).

You may be sure I laid down my rifle as quickly as I had picked it up, and we, partridge included, finished our meal quietly. Then the whirr sounded again, and one after the other they dived off into the snow.

Wabun Anung piles more wood on the fire, and, stretching ourselves out on the balsam brush, we light our pipes and puff contentedly, gazing into the blazing, crackling camp fire.

What stories you will hear then! How straight his arrow flies and how long his bow becomes! Kind-hearted, jovial old chap, with the camp fire lighting up his keen dark face!

Is it any wonder that we sportnen love those old times when our limbs are strong; love the sound, which, prechance, ody love the sound, which, prechance, ody created the sound of the control of the created of the soundhose to the long winging tircless stride, in the cripp morning air. Hut here we wake and find ourselves not on a wholesome bed of broads air. Hut here we wake and find ourselves not on a wholesome bed of broads are the sound of the control of the conserved of the control of the con-

Till about 9 o'clock we sit or lie by the camp fire, "swapping" yams and smoking, then we throw a few more logs on and rolling ourselves in our blankets are soon again in the land of dreams.

Every two or three hours we wake, and getting up throw more wood on the fire. A few nights of this kind of thing and you learn to fall asleep almost the mo-

ment you lie down. The following

The following morning we are up about daylight, and after breakfast—at which, by the way, we are joined by the three partridges in the same birch top we light our pipes and start off again.

The country here is not mountainous, but rather low and rolling; every little way we cross a slight knoll, generally with top bare of trees, the rock coming to the surface and covered with lichen. sides of these knolls are wooded with stunted jack pine, with spruce and cedar swamps, the home of the hare, between. Here we startle one, which goes zigzaging away in quick jumps, noiselessly, like a white phantom, its little tail flourished high in air; for fifty yards or so its panic carries it, when quick as thought it crouches in its form, regarding us with round, startled dark eyes and sensitive ears cocked up, till we are lost to view.

Another mile or two and Wabun Anung suddenly stops. I am about a hundred feet behind. Turning toward me, at the same time pointing to the snow, he says: "Adick omah" (cariboo here).

There is not much doubt about that, for the snow is tramped down and in places scraped sway. He examines the tracks, poking his stick into them, and tracks, poking his stick into them, and were here two days before. Six or seven they tell is to me a sealed book. But they tell is to me a sealed book. But when Among our read and understand when the stick of the stick o

"Animanick adick?" (how many cariboo) I ask Wabun Anung, who has laid down his pack and is loading his gun. Glancing at the tracks for an instant, he answers: "Godoswee" (six).

I slip the cover off my rifle and examine it to see that it is in proper working order. By this time Wabun Anung has his gun loaded and his pack on his back. So we will off again to test the accuracy

of his woodland lore. These tracks are on one of the numerous little hills, and from one to another

the cariboo have traveled single file, only stopping to feed on the tons. For a mile or so we follow the trail. Wahun Anung walking ahead every now and then feeling the hoof marks through the loose snow with his stick. Then he stops again and, telling me that we are at their last night's feeding ground, slings down his pack and pulling his axe out of

I follow his example, also leaving my mitts, which are too conspicuous, being a

his belt leaves it beside it.

bright scarlet. And now the excitement begins. Not a twig must we break, for the cariboo may appear at any moment.

It is a proper day for still hunting, a slight wind-rather more than a breezeblowing and snow falling, which deadens sound; occasionally we stop to listen and peer about.

What is that sound we hear off to the right? We stop again and hold our breath. We can almost hear our hearts beating in the great stillness. There it is again! A rubbing, grating noise.

Only a tree or branch, rubbing against another. On we go. I tuck my rifle under my arm, thrust my hands into my pockets and try to quiet the excitement which I feel is growing at all this watchful expectancy and straining of every nerve and sense, by watching Wabun Anung's face, which is a study, so dark,

and his jet black eyes so quick and keen. This expectancy is telling on him, too, as it will on any lover of sport and true hunter. It does not unnerve the hand: it steadies it. I think, for it is not the tremulous, blinding, breathless excitement of a novice. It is that longing to kill, that savage part in most men that will come to the front at such times, though he may

love and admire the things he slays. We are crossing an alder swale now, with a knoll before us. Wabun Anung

is some twenty feet or so ahead. Up the side of the hill he goes. Suddenly I see him start! Off go his mitts: he tears off his gun cover, rushes to the hill ton, antithrowing up his gun, takes a rapid aim and fires!

Two seconds later I am beside him, my rifle full cook and Wabun Anung load-

ing like mad!

The buck he fired at I never see-nor he again; for with two leaps it is under cover of the woods and gone forever!

But seventy yards ahead, on the far side of a clump of jack pine, I see, plunging madly along, a sweeping, eddying swirl of snow flying over and around them, a small herd-all bunched together of some four or five cariboo.

Right before them, twenty yards or so, is an open space in the direction they are running; they are sure to cross it. I will make assurance doubly sure and wait till they do: if I fire now the bullet will probably strike a tree or branch and glance. All this passes through my mind like a flash. while Wabun Anung loads, saving: "Buskeesoo! buskeesoo!" (shoot, shoot)

Hut they never cross the open, it is a hill side with the woods running along to their right. They turn-a whirl of snow, a plunge, and they too are under cover, and, like the buck, "gone forever!"

I draw a long breath—it is no time for words, my heart is too full

Slowly I uncock my rifle, and dropping

the butt on the toe of my shoe, I glance We grin at each at Wabun Anung. other in a feeble, heart-broken way and say nothing.

We have bungled it all wretchedly and we know it Wabun Anung recovers first, and go-

ing over to the trail of the buck examines But nothing has happened to take from the strength of those grand leaps. No red blood dyes the spotless whiteness of the snow. It is a clean miss, and a long, narrow track in a drift shows the direction of the bullet.



To be continued